Appendix I.

[Vide answer to starred question No. 488 asked by Sri P.G. Manickam at the meeting of the Legislative Assembly held on 7th September 1960, on page 252 supra.]

Details of financial aid received from the Ford Foundation by Madras Government.

	Scheme.	Assistance received from the Ford Foundation.
	(1)	(2)
		(RUPEES IN LAKHS.)
	Public Health Department.	
1	Orientation Training Centre, Poonamallee ..	4·46
2	Research-*cum*-Action Project	3·36
	Medical Department.	
3	Pilot Health Project, Gandhigram	3·01
4	Sanitary Inspectors' Course at Gandhigram, Rural Institute.	2·90
	Rural Development Department.	
5	Extension Training Centres at Bhavanisagar, Gandhigram and T. Kallupatti.	4·26
6	Home Economics Wings at T. Kallupatti and Bhavanisagar.	1·42
7	Workshop Wing at T. Kallupatti	0·47
8	Officer at State level to Organize Community activities among village people in order to stimulate village leadership.	0·19
9	Organization of Refresher Course for Gramasevaks.	0·01
10	Community Development Orientation Training of Village School Teachers.	0·40
11	Training of Village-level Workers in organizing Youth Activities.	0·17

(Expenditure sanctioned by the Government. Amount not yet received from Ford Foundation.)

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Scheme. (1)	Assistance received from the Ford Foundation. (2) (RUPEES IN LAKHS.)
AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT.	
12 A fellowship to the Joint Director of Agriculture (Extension) for participating in advanced programme in comparative Extension Education at Cornell University, U.S.A. for one year.	(Cost of journey, maintenance allowance, allowances for books and clothing and payment of fees met by the Institute of International Education.)

Brief description of the schemes receiving aid from the Ford Foundation.—The Ford Foundation is an American Philanthropic Foundation set up to give financial aid to worthy projects in the public interest. In India, assistance from the Ford Foundation has been received under an agreement signed on 19th January 1952. The details of assistance received by the various departments of Government of Madras are indicated below.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

1. *Orientation Training Centre, Poonamallee.*—The main object of this centre is to reorient doctors and auxiliary health personnel in rural health work and to equip them for the better discharge of their duties at rural health centres. The Ford Foundation have agreed to meet the entire expenditure for the first two years, 50 per cent during the third year, and 33-1/3 per cent during the fourth year of the scheme period. The entire non-recurring expenditure on building was also met by the Ford Foundation. The total aid received during 1954–58 was Rs. 2·13 lakhs towards recurring expenditure and Rs. 2·33 lakhs non-recurring expenditure totalling in all to Rs. 4·46 lakhs.

2. *Research*-cum-*Action Project.*—The main object of this project is to evolve methods of health education to improve environmental sanitation in rural areas with special emphasis on the use of latrines. The project is financed entirely by the Ford Foundation which commenced from September 1956 and the expenditure involved up to March 1960 was Rs. 3·36 lakhs.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

3. *Pilot Health Project, Gandhigram.*—This pilot project has been established to determine the minimum essential health service required to be provided for rural development areas and to develop the essential experience needed for evolving a model pattern of

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rural health service which might be projected into other development areas has been offered assistance by the Ford Foundation. The aid received for this project is as follows :—

		RUPEES IN LAKHS.
First instalment	... ...	1·02
Second instalment	... ...	1·99
		3·01

4. *Sanitary Inspector's Course at Gandhigram, Rural Institute.* —For this course a sum of Rs. 2·90 lakhs has been received.

RURAL DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.

5. *Extension Training Centres at Bhavanisagar, Gandhigram and T. Kallupatti.*—The object of this scheme is to train gramasevaks required for the Community Development Programmes. The Ford Foundation bore the full expenditure of the single shift Extension Training Centre at Gandhigram and Bhavanisagar for the first and second years, half the expenditure for the third year and one-third for the fourth year. The single shift Extension Training Centre at Gandhigram was converted into a double shift one with effect from 20th April 1955 and the double shift Training Centre, T. Kallupatti was started on 1st March 1955 and the Ford Foundation bore the actual recurring expenditure in full for the first year, half for the second year and one-third for the third year. The amount adjusted during 1953–54 to 1957–58 amounts to Rs. 4·26 lakhs.

6. *Home Economics Wings at T. Kallupatti and Bhavanisagar.* —Under this scheme two Home Economics Departments were established at the two Extension Training Centres at Gandhigram and T. Kallupatti to train 20 women in each centre for a period of 12 months in extension principles of Home Economic. The Centre at Gandhigram was subsequently shifted to Bhavanisagar. Sanction was accorded for the establishment of these two Centres at a total cost of Rs. 1·44 lakhs and 1·42 lakhs respectively for a period of 3 years. The Ford Foundation bore the entire non-recurring expenditure (except on land, buildings, etc.), and the entire recurring expenditure during the first year, one-half during second and one-third during the third year. The capacity of the two wings was increased from 20 to 25. In order to meet the requirements of trainee Gramasevikas, the present capacity of the Home Science Wing has been increased from 25 to 40 for future courses. The share of the Ford Foundation adjusted during 1955–56 to 1958–59 amounts to Rs. 1·42 lakhs.

7. *Workshop Wing at T. Kallupatti.*—The suggestion of the Government of India for establishment of a workshop at one of the Extension Training Centres in this State for training the village-level workers as well as the village blacksmiths, carpenters and artisans of the neighbouring villages in the manufacture and

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repair of improved agricultural implements and village housing designs and construction, has been accepted by this Government. The entire non-recurring expenditure except on land and building was met by the Ford Foundation. The recurring expenditure in full for the first year, half during the second year and one-third during the third year was met by the Ford Foundation. The grant adjusted during 1955–56 to 1958–59 on this scheme is Rs. 0·47 lakh.

8. *Officer at State level to organise Community activities among village people in order to stimulate village leadership.*—For this scheme the Government sanctioned the employment of a Chief Organiser (Village Youth Leadership) to organise Community Activity among village people in order to stimulate Village Leadership. The Ford Foundation met the entire expenditure for the first year, two-third during the second, one-third during the third year and nil thereafter. The period of three years was over on 31st January 1960. The Ford Foundation grant adjusted during 1957–58 to 1959–60 is Rs. 0·19 lakh.

9. *Organization of Refresher Course for Gramasevaks.*—In order to provide summary technical information for bringing the Gramasevaks up-to-date in regard to the results of research and developments in various subjects with which they are concerned, to help in finding solution to the practical problems which they encounter in the field, and to give an opportunity to Gramasevaks and the staff of the Training Centres for exchange of practical experience a refresher course for Gramasevaks has been formulated. The total cost of the scheme is estimated at Rs. 0·34 lakh recurring per annum and Rs. 870 non-recurring. The Ford Foundation meets half the recurring expenditure during the first year and the entire non-recurring expenditure. The scheme was organized towards the end of January 1960. A sum of Rs. 74.16 only is to be adjusted towards the Ford Foundation for the quarter ending 31st March 1960.

10. *Community Development—Orientation Training of Village School Teachers.*—To enable the teachers to learn all the facets of Rural Development Programme so as to enable them to function as Social Educators, a scheme for the Orientation Training of Village School Teachers has been drawn up for a period of four years from 1957–58. The scheme was discontinued with effect from 29th February 1960. The amount adjusted during 1957–58 to 1959–60 is Rs. 0·40 lakh.

11. *Training of Village-level Workers in organising Youth Activities.*—A scheme for the training of village-level workers (Gramasevaks) in organising village youth organisation and in undertaking youth activities in the areas around the rural extension training centres where the Gramasevaks undergo practical training has been formulated. According to this scheme, 30 youth clubs should be organized. The Ford Foundation will meet the entire recurring expenditure during the first year, half during the second year and one-third during the third year. The scheme was

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accepted with effect from 1st May 1959 by this Government. An expenditure of Rs. 0·17 lakh recurring per annum has been sanctioned for a period of three years from 1959–60. No grant from Ford Foundation has been adjusted in 1959–60 accounts.

Apart from the above, a fellowship was granted to the Joint Director of Agriculture (Extension) in the Agriculture Department for participating in advanced programme in comparative Extension Education at Cornell University, United States of America. The fellowship provides for the cost of return, transportation from the individual's home in India to New York and for a maintenance allowance of $235·00 per mensem. Allowances were also provided for books and extra clothing. All payment of fees and charges to the Cornell University were met by the Institute of International Fellowship which administered the fellowship.

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